OREGON DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY AND MINERAL INDUSTRIES

Vicki S. McConnell, State Geologist



NEWS RELEASE: November 19, 2012

Increased potential for landslides and debris flows in western Oregon

...FLOODING POSSIBLE ACROSS PORTIONS OF WESTERN OREGON THIS AFTERNOON THROUGH TUESDAY...HEAVY RAIN MAY STRAIN SMALLER STREAMS AND DRAINAGES ACROSS THE AREA...

A FLOOD WATCH MEANS THAT FLOODING IS POSSIBLE BUT NOT IMMINENT IN THE WATCH AREA. PERSONS LIVING ALONG OR PLANNING ACTIVITIES NEAR RIVERS AND SMALL STREAMS IN THE WATCH AREA SHOULD CONTINUE TO MONITOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS WEATHER SITUATION. BE PREPARED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION IF FLOODING IS OBSERVED OR A WARNING IS ISSUED.

LANDSLIDES AND DEBRIS FLOWS ARE POSSIBLE DURING THIS FLOOD EVENT. PEOPLE...STRUCTURES AND ROADS LOCATED BELOW STEEP SLOPES...IN CANYONS AND NEAR THE MOUTHS OF CANYONS MAY BE AT SERIOUS RISK FROM RAPIDLY MOVING LANDSLIDES.

Official flood statements from the National Weather Service can be found at: http://forecast.weather.gov/wwamap/wwatxtget.php?cwa=usa&wwa=Flood%20Watch

For warnings by county, see:

http://forecast.weather.gov/wwamap/wwatxtget.php?cwa=usa&wwa=Flood%20Watc

Care should be taken when traveling over the mountains during this time. The most dangerous places include:

- Canyon bottoms, stream channels, and areas of rock and soil accumulation at the outlets of canyons;
- Bases of steep hillsides;
- Road cuts or other areas where slopes of hills have been excavated or over steepened:
- Places where slides or debris flows have occurred in the past.

Debris flows are rapidly moving landslides that can destroy everything in their paths. They can easily travel a mile or more, depending on the terrain. They will contain boulders and logs and transport those in a fast-moving soil and water slurry.

Some areas are more hazardous than others when the danger of landslides is high. If there is a flood warning, stay away from the river. Stay away from steep slopes during intense rainstorms. Knowing ahead of time where the danger areas around your home for potential landslides might be is the first step in being prepared.

Follow these steps:

Stay alert. Listen to the radio, TV, or a weather radio for flood watches, which

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Media contact: Carol DuVernois

carol.duvernois@state.or.us

800 NE Oregon St., #28, Ste. 965 Portland, OR 97232 Phone: (971) 673-1555 Fax: (971) 673-1562 www.OregonGeology.org

Mineral Land Regulation and Reclamation Program

229 Broadalbin St. SW Albany, OR 97321 Phone: (541) 967-2039 Fax: (541) 967-2075 info@mlrr.oregongeology.com Gary W. Lynch, Assistant Director

Coastal Field Office

313 SW 2nd, Ste. D Newport, OR 97365 Phone: (541) 574-6642 Fax: (541) 265-5241 Jonathan C. Allan, Coastal Team Leader

Eastern Oregon Field Office

Baker County Courthouse 1995 3rd St., Ste. 130 Baker City, OR 978149 Phone: (541) 523-3133 Fax: (541) 523-5992 Jason D. McClaughry, Regional Geologist

Nature of the Northwest Information Center

800 NE Oregon St., Ste. 965 Portland, Oregon 97232 (971) 673-2331 Email: info@naturenw.org Web: www.NatureNW.org Donald J. Haines, Manager

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include the potential for debris flows and if told to evacuate, do so immediately;

- Listen for unusual sounds that might indicate moving debris, such as trees
- cracking or boulders knocking together. A trickle of falling mud or debris may precede larger landslides;
- If you think there is danger of a landslide, leave immediately;
- If water in a river or stream suddenly turns muddy or the amount of water flowing suddenly decreases or increases, this is a warning that the flow has been affected upstream. You should immediately leave the area because a debris flow may soon be coming downstream;
- Assume highways are not safe. Be alert when driving, especially at night. Don't
 overdrive your headlights. Embankments along roadsides may fail, sending rock
 and debris onto the road;
- Landowners and road managers should check road drainage systems and conduct needed maintenance in case the predicted heavy precipitation does

Cleaning up after landslides can also be hazardous. "When it is wet outside, be careful when cleaning up the mess. A small mudslide can actually be part of a larger landslide. Cleanup should not be done until after the storm.

Contact Information:

Oregon Department of Geology Bill Burns, Engineering Geologist (971) 673-1538 bill.burns@state.or.us

National Weather Service – Portland Tyree Wilde, Warning Coordination Meteorologist (503) 326-2340 x223 Tyree.wilde@noaa.gov DOGAMI's mission is to provide earth science information and regulation to make Oregon safe and prosperous.

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